

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Issue date: 2/3/2023 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product name : #1 REMOVER
Product code : P303531U

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Floor finish remover

Restrictions on use : Industrial and Institutional use only

1.3. Supplier

Project Clean Inc.

2330 Industrial Parkway SW

Dyersville, IA 52040

T 1 800 663 9925

regulatory@projectclean.com - www.projectclean.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Country	Organization/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
USA	CHEMTREC Chemical Emergency	www.chemtrec.com	1 800 424 9300	24hr/day 7days/week within USA and Canada
USA	CANUTEC Transportation Emergencies	www.canutec.com		24hr/day 7days/week within USA and Canada

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage

Full text of H statements: see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

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Hazard statements (GHS US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

: P260 - Do not breathe fume, mist, vapours, or spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, or face

protection.

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on the

product SDS).

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents and or container to an approved waste disposal

plant in accordance with county, state or federal regulations.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Benzyl Alcohol	CAS-No.: 100-51-6	7 - 13
2-Phenoxyethanol	CAS-No.: 122-99-6	3 - 7
Monoethanolamine	CAS-No.: 141-43-5	3 - 7
Sodium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1310-73-2	1 - 5

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Name	Product identifier	%
Caprylic acid	CAS-No.: 124-07-2	1 - 5
Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate	CAS-No.: 68439-57-6	1 - 5
Sodium xylenesulphonate	CAS-No.: 1300-72-7	1 - 5
Disodium metasilicate	CAS-No.: 6834-92-0	0.5 - 1.5

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with wateror shower. Remove or Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Call a physician immediately.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician

immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Expected Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed : May cause skin irritation, dermatitis, or skin burns.

May cause dermatitis, eye irritation, corneal edema

and chemical burns.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Burns

Chronic symptoms : Cracking of the skin. Irritation of the eye tissue.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

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5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-

contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood. Clean up any spills as soon as possible, using

an absorbent material to collect it.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves (EN 374). Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Chemical

goggles or face shield with safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe fume,

mist, vapours, or spray.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Total

impervious protective suits, gloves, and boots must be worn to prevent any contact with the product. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure

controls or personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Prevent from entering sewers,

basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be

dangerous.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into

sewers or streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

handling Do not breathe fume, mist, vapours, or spray. Wear personal protective

equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when

using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store locked up. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

Incompatible products : Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Metals.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

#1 REMOVER		
No additional information available		
Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)		
No additional information available		
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposu	ure Limits	
Local name	Sodium hydroxide	
ACGIH OEL C	2 mg/m³	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT, eye, & skin irr	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Sodium hydroxide	
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	2 mg/m³	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
2-Phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)		
No additional information available		

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Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethanolamine	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	3 ppm	
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	6 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & skin irr	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2022	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposur	e Limits	
Local name	Ethanolamine	
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	6 mg/m³	
OSHA PEL TWA [2]	3 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)		
No additional information available		
Caprylic acid (124-07-2)		
No additional information available		
Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate (68439-57-6)		
No additional information available		
Sodium xylenesulphonate (1300-72-7)		
No additional information available		

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Materials for protective clothing:	
Nitrile rubber/PVC	
Hand protection:	
Protective gloves against chemicals (EN 374)	

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Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):







SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Clear, Colorless liquid.

Color : Colorless

Odor : Amine-like odour
Odor threshold : No data available

pH : > 12

Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available

Flash point : > 100 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Upper and lower flammability or explosive limit : No data available

Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20°C : No data available

Relative density : 1.05 – 1.1

Solubility : Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : Not self-igniting
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : Thin like water
Explosion limits : No data available

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Explosive properties : Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

#1 REMOVER	
ATE US (oral)	4507 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	9786 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	12.5 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	12.5 mg/l/4h
Disodium metasilicate (6834-9	22-0)
LD50 oral rat	1152 – 1349 mg/kg body weight (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 7 day(s))

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Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-	0)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight (EPA OPPTS 870.1200: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.06 mg/l (EPA OPPTS 870.1300: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))	
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	1350 mg/kg	
2-Phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)	<u>.</u>	
LD50 oral rat	1850 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rat	14391 mg/kg (24 h, Rat, Male / female, Dermal, 48 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2214 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 1 mg/l (OECD 412: Repeated Dose Inhalation Toxicity:28/14-Day, 6 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 14 day(s))	
Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)		
LD50 oral rat	1089 mg/kg Source: OECD SIDS	
LD50 dermal rabbit	2504 mg/kg Source: OECD SIDS	
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)		
LD50 oral rat	1620 mg/kg bw/day (Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rat	2000 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (EPA OTS 798.1100, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.18 mg/l/4h (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, (maximum achievable concentration), Inhalation (aerosol), 14 day(s))	

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Caprylic acid (124-07-2)			
LD50 oral rat		> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 n	> 5000 mg/kg Source: IUCLID	
Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate (6	8439-57-6)		
LD50 oral rat		290 mg/kg Source: International Uniform ChemicaL Information Database	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 52 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), Remarks on results: other:		
Sodium xylenesulphonate (1300-72	-7)		
LD50 oral rat		> 7000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rabbit		> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat		> 6.41 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 232 minutes, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 14 day(s))	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes	s severe skin burns.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes	s serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not cla	assified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not cla	assified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not cla	assified	
Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate (6843	9-57-6)		
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/male,2 years)		195 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, emarks on results: other:	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/female,2 years)		259 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, emarks on results: other:	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not cla	assified	
STOT-single exposure	: Not cla	assified	
Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)			
STOT-single exposure	May	cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not	classified	

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Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	227 – 237 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
2-Phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	> 700 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EU Method B.26 (Sub-Chronic Oral Toxicity Test: Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPPTS 870.3100 (90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
LOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	> 500 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90- Day Study)
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	500 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	400 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: other:
Aspiration hazard Viscosity, kinematic Likely routes of exposure Expected Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed	 Not classified No data available Skin and eye contact. Ingestion. May cause skin irritation, dermatitis, or skin burns. May cause dermatitis, eye irritation, corneal edema and chemical burns.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact Symptoms/effects after ingestion Chronic symptoms	 Burns. Serious damage to eyes. Burns. Cracking of the skin. Irritation of the eye tissue.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

Before neutralisation, the product may represent a danger to aquatic organisms.

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Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	210 mg/l (ISO 7346-1, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1700 mg/l (EU Method C.2, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	125 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	40.4 mg/l Source: ECHA
2-Phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	220 – 460 mg/l (DIN 38412: German standard methods for the examination of water, waste water and sludge, 96 h, Leuciscus idus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 500 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 202, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Behaviour)
ErC50 algae	> 100 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	•
LC50 - Fish [1]	170 mg/l Source: OECD SIDS
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	32.6 mg/l
ErC50 algae	2.1 mg/l Source: ECHA
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	460 mg/l (EPA OPP 72-1, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	230 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 algae	770 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
NOEC chronic fish	48897 mg/l Test organisms (species): other: Duration: '30 d'

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Caprylic acid (124-07-2)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	22 mg/l (US EPA, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 20 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)	
Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate (68439-57-6)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	4.2 mg/l Test organisms (species): Danio rerio (previous name: Brachydanio rerio)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	4.53 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia sp.	
LOEC (chronic)	20 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
NOEC (chronic)	6.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'	
Sodium xylenesulphonate (1300-72-7)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1400, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1300, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Not established.

Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)
2-Phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Caprylic acid (124-07-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

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Caprylic acid (124-07-2)	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.27 g O₂/g substance
Sodium xylenesulphonate (1300-72-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No test data available.

Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-5.65
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-3.88 Source: SRC
2-Phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.2 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 23 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.31 Source: ICSC
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1.37 l/kg (BCFBAF v3.01, Estimated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1 - 1.1 (Experimental value, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Caprylic acid (124-07-2)	
BCF - Fish [1]	234 – 288 (Equivalent or similar to OECD 305, 28 day(s), Danio rerio, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.05 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
Dioaccamalative potential	2017 potential for bioaccamatation (bei - 500).

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Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate (68439-57-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	4.49 Source: Quantitative Structure Activity Relation
Sodium xylenesulphonate (1300-72-7)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-3.12 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ecology - soil No (test) data on mobility of the substance available.

Leology - 3011	No (test) data of mobility of the substance available.
Disodium metasilicate (6834-92-0)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.
2-Phenoxyethanol (122-99-6)	
Surface tension	70.7 mN/m (20 °C, 1 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.6 (log Koc, OECD 121: Estimation of the Adsorption Coefficient (Koc) on Soil and on Sewage Sludge using High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC), Experimental value, GLP)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
Surface tension	39 mN/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.122 - 1.332 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Caprylic acid (124-07-2)	
Surface tension	33.7 mN/m (23 °C, 0.6 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.46 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, QSAR)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Sodium xylenesulphonate (1300-72-7)	
Surface tension	71 mN/m (20 °C, 90 %, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)

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Sodium xylenesulphonate (1300-72-7)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.42 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents and or container in accordance with licensed

collector's sorting instructions.

Product/Packaging disposal

recommendations

Reuse if possible. Otherwise dispose recovered material in accordance with all local, Provincial or Federal regulations.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN2491

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Ethanolamine solutions

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 Hazard labels (DOT) : 8



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

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14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN2491

DOT Special : IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and Provisions (49 CFR 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2).

172.102) Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to

110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for

UN2672).

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in

degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 241
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) 5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) 60 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo

vessel and on a passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other 52 - Stow "separated from" acids

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

This product or mixture is not known to contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Full text of H-phrases	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage

NFPA health

3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause

hazard

serious or permanent injury.

NFPA fire hazard

0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions,

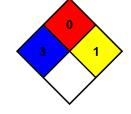
including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as

concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity

1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can

become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



It is the responsibility of the user to provide a safe workplace, using the health and safety information contained herein as a guide. Project Clean Inc. will accept no liability for damages or loss incurred from the improper handling and use of this product.

The information provided in the Safety Data Sheet has been obtained from current sources and is believed to be reliable.